(b) the quantity and type of fertilisers imported during the first quarter of the current year alongwith the value and names of countries from which these have been imported?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. R. DAS MUNSHI): (a) and (b) Quantity, value and types of fertilisers imported during 1987-88 and during the first quarter of 1988-89 are given below:--

(Q: Qty. in Lakh tonnes) (V: Value in Rs. Crores)

Type of Fertilisers	1987-88 (P) Q	1987-88 (P) V	1988-89 (P) Q	1988-89 (P) V	Countries from which imported
1. Urea	3.21	47.79	0.57	13.12	GDR Romania, USSR, West Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan.
2. Muriate of Potash . . .	13.20	122.94	2.55	27.68	GDR, USSR Jordan, West Germany, Canada.
3. Sulphate of Potash . . .	0.10	2.17	0.067	1.48	West Germany, GDR.
4. Di-Ammonium Phosphate .	—	—	0.38	10.42	Romania, Jordan.

(P) : PROVISIONAL.

Seizure of Gold Biscuits at Delhi and Bombay Airports

3388. DR. MOHD HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total quantum of gold biscuits seized at Delhi and Bombay airports during the last three years;

(b) what is the total value of gold biscuits seized during this period;

(c) what is the number of persons arrested for possessing or smuggling gold biscuits; and

(d) what remedial action is being taken in this matter by the Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI AJIT PANJA): (a) to (c) The total quantity and value of gold biscuits seized at Delhi and Bombay airports during the last three calender years alongwith number of persons arrested are given below:—

	Year	Quantity (in Kgs)	Value (Rs. in crores)	Number of persons arrested
Delhi airport . . .	1985	179	3.61	88
	1986	169	3.53	63
	1987	54	2.09	16
Bombay airport . . .	1985	582	12.90	470
	1986	641	13.51	323
	1987	731	21.20	368

(d) The anti-smuggling drive has been intensified. The anti-smuggling machinery throughout the country particularly at the international airports at Delhi and Bombay has been geared up. Sophisticated equipment like X-ray machines and metal detectors are being increasingly used. Close coordination is maintained with all the agencies concerned in the prevention and detection of smuggling of gold.

Survival of Plants

3389. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of plants planted in the country during the year 1987, State-wise;

(b) the number of plants which survived;

(c) what are the reasons for the low survival rate; and

(d) what measures have been taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) The Statewise details for the year 1987-88 are given in the Statement (*See* below).

(b) to (d) Assessment of surviving plants for the country as a whole has not been made for work done in 1987-88. However a sample survey conducted by Indian Institute of Public Opinion in selected States shows an average survival rate of 70 per cent. Only in the case of farm forestry component in Gujarat the survival rate was found to be quite low at 36 per cent and this was attributable to the continuous drought conditions in that State during the last three years.

Statement

Statewise Number of Trees Planted During 1987-88

(*No. of Seedlings in Lakhs*)

State Name	Achievement 1987-88
Andhra Pradesh	3051·34
Arunachal Pradesh	127.04
Assam	497.87
Bihar	3152.00
Goa	74.70
Gujarat	2141.50
Haryana	380.00
Himachal Pradesh	615.09
Jammu & Kashmir	400.06
Karnataka	3152.21
Kerala	1555.44
Madhya Pradesh	4090.46
Maharashtra	3079.96
Manipur	180.25